

## Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATIC	cs		9709/42
Paper 4 Mecha	nics	<b>A L I</b>	May/June 2020
		AUV	1 hour 15 minutes
You must answ	er on the question paper.		
You will need:	List of formulae (MF19)		

## INSTRUCTIONS

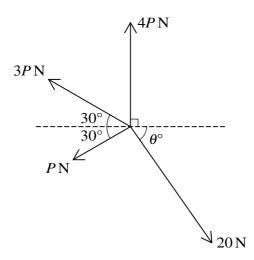
- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity (g) is needed, use 10 m s<sup>-2</sup>.

## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1	spee	am starts from rest and moves with uniform acceleration for 20 s. The tram then travels at a constant $x^{-1}$ , for 170 s before being brought to rest with a uniform deceleration of magnitude twice of the acceleration. The total distance travelled by the tram is 2.775 km.
	(a)	Sketch a velocity-time graph for the motion, stating the total time for which the tram is moving. [2]
	<b>(b)</b>	Find $V$ . [2]
	(c)	Find the magnitude of the acceleration. [2]

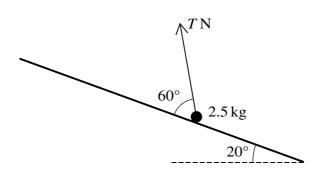
2



Coplanar forces of magnitudes  $20 \,\mathrm{N}$ ,  $P \,\mathrm{N}$ ,  $3P \,\mathrm{N}$  and  $4P \,\mathrm{N}$  act at a point in the directions shown in the diagram. The system is in equilibrium.

Find $P$ and $\theta$ .	[6]
	HEAD





A particle of mass  $2.5 \,\mathrm{kg}$  is held in equilibrium on a rough plane inclined at  $20^\circ$  to the horizontal by a force of magnitude  $T \,\mathrm{N}$  making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with a line of greatest slope of the plane (see diagram). The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is 0.3.

Find the greatest and least possible values of $T$ .	[8]
	AHEAD



 CHEAD

1)	Find the speed of $B$ after the collision.	[:
an	nird small smooth sphere $C$ , of mass 1 kg and with the same radius as $A$ and $B$ are. $B$ now collides directly with $C$ . After this collision $B$ continues to move in the with one third the speed of $C$ .	
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A and	B coalesce du	ring this colli	sion.			
Find t	he total loss of	kinetic energ	y in the system	m due to the thr	ee collisions.	[5]
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5	A ca	ar of	mass 1250 kg is moving on a straight road.	
	(a)		a horizontal section of the road, the car has a constant speed of $32  \mathrm{m  s^{-1}}$ and there is a constant of 750 N resisting the motion.	ını
		(i)	Calculate, in kW, the power developed by the engine of the car.	[2]
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		(ii)	Given that this power is suddenly decreased by 8 kW, find the instantaneous deceleration the car.	of [3]
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<b>(b)</b>	On a section of the road inclined at $\sin^{-1} 0.096$ to the horizontal, the resistance to the motion of the car is $(1000 + 8v)$ N when the speed of the car is $v$ m s <sup>-1</sup> . The car travels up this section of the road at constant speed with the engine working at $60$ kW.
	Find this constant speed. [5]
	AHEAD



6	A particle P	moves in a straight line.	The velocity $v  \text{m s}^{-1}$	at time $t$ s is given by
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$$v = 2t + 1$$
 for  $0 \le t \le 5$ ,  
 $v = 36 - t^2$  for  $5 \le t \le 7$ ,  
 $v = 2t - 27$  for  $7 \le t \le 13.5$ .

(a) Sketch the velocity-time graph for 
$$0 \le t \le 13.5$$
. [3]

<b>(b)</b>	Find the acceleration at the instant when $t = 6$ .	[2]
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